THE DEMOGRAPHIC DROUGHT

Bridging the Gap in our Labor Force



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Pre-Covid

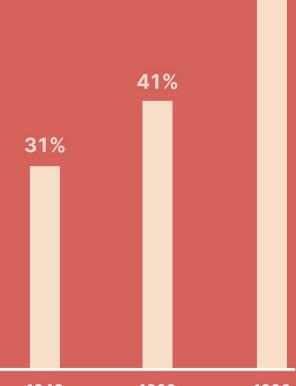
Boomers exiting out of the labor force causing major waves



The Boomer Generation (1946-1964) shaped our world

They were a massive population of college educated, hard working, money focused, and upskill driven people.

Women, in particular, drove the U.S. labor force forward.



Labor Force Participation for Women (20+)

1948

1968

1996

More children and women entering doubled our workforce

College Enrollment jumped 100% from 1965 to 1975 and continued to soar for women

21.7M



42.5M

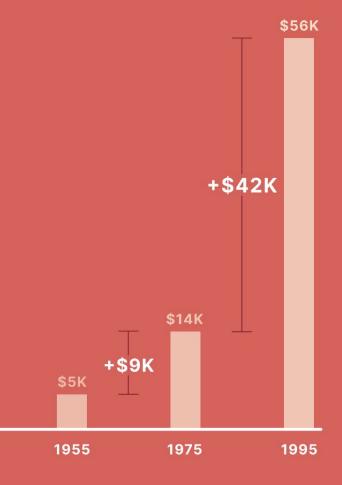


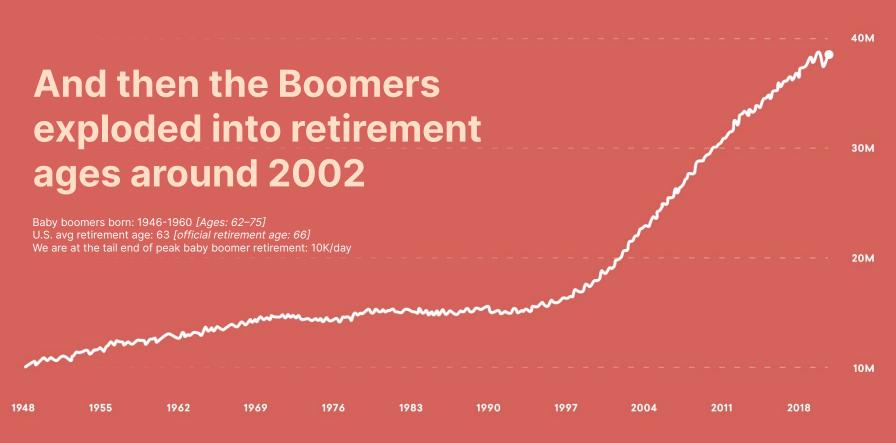
1970-1990

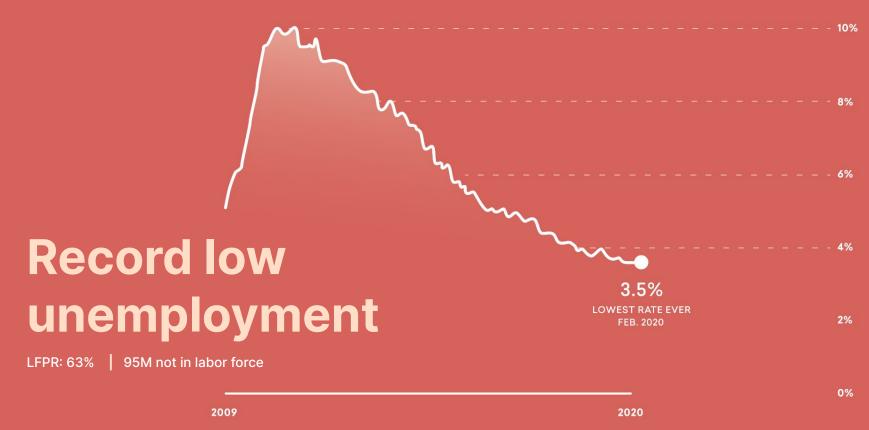
1950-1970

Boomers generated massive household wealth gains

REAL Median Household Income







Partly due to Boomers leaving, we didn't even have enough people for every job opening



7M

Job openings
[including gov]



5.9MUnemployed people

The U.S. Pre-Covid

8M

Fewer people on the sidelines looking for work

Boomers (55+) were also increasingly not looking to work



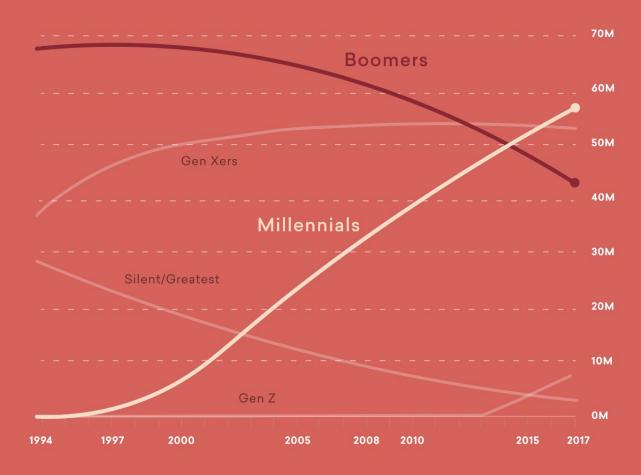
4M

2011 ______ 2020

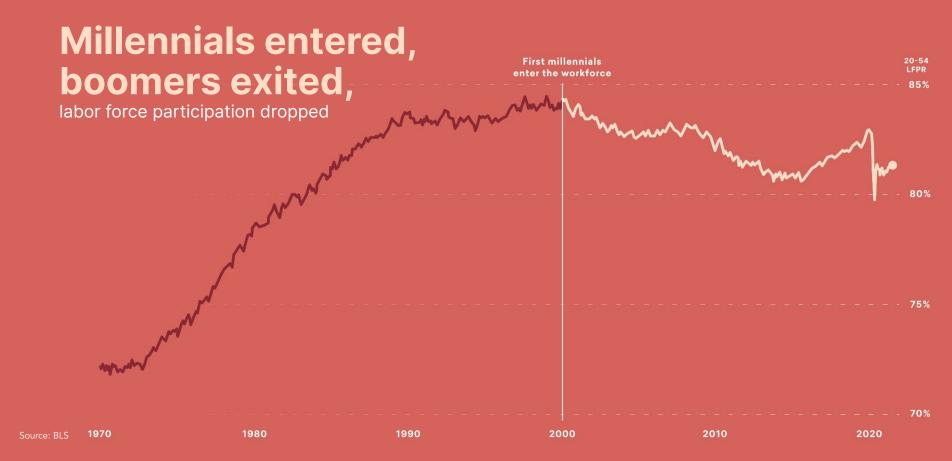
In 2016,

Millennials became the largest generation in the labor force

Note: Labor force includes those ages 16 and older who are working or looking for work. Annual averages shown.

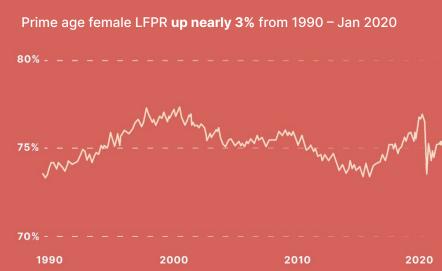


Source: Pew Research Center analysis of monthly 1994-2017 Current Population Survey.



The number of working prime age men continued to plunge





From 2010-2019

The number of people working part-time because they wanted to soared driven largely by those over 55



Current labor crisis

Not just a perfect storm, a hurricane, tornado and earthquake rolled into one



649

Labor force participation is not improving but our population is still growing!



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 Jan 2017
 Jan 2018
 Jan 2019
 Jan 2020
 Jan 2021
 Jan 2022

The 55+ cohort left the labor force at a much higher rate than the others

Compared to Feb 2020

Age	Excess Unemployed	Excess Not in the Labor Force
16-24	-72	685
25-54	334	1,126
55+	159	2,396
Total	421	4,207

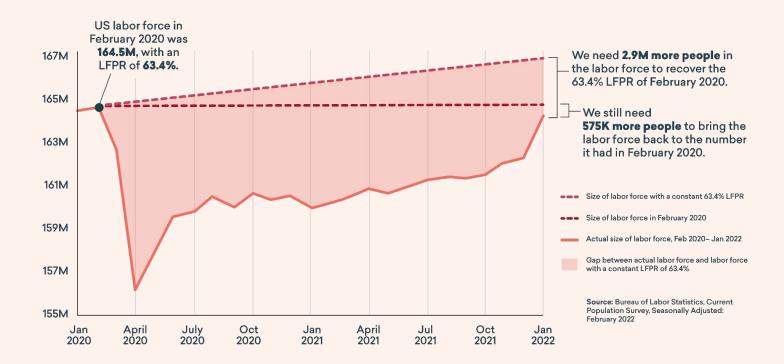
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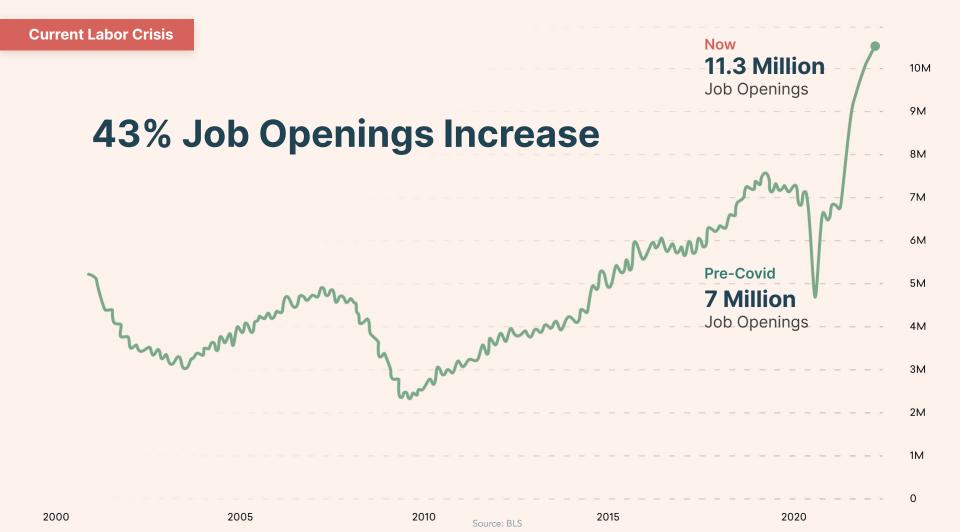
Source: Emsi Burning Glass analysis of US Census Current Population Survey and Bureau of Labor Statistics data



Chasing our population growth

We need **2.9M more workers** to get back on track





Why are we not recovering faster?









7 factors contributing to our current labor crisis

- Misalignment
- Very low immigration
- <u>Temporary</u> shutdowns/CARES
- Accumulated wealth
- Massive retirements
- Opioids and overdoses
- Self employed increase

The U.S. is highly educated

And more educated people have a higher labor force participation rate

9M

Less than a High School Diploma

4.8% Participation Rate

37M

High School Graduates 5.7% Participation Rate

35M

Associates Degree
62.7% Participation Rate

62M

Bachelors Degree and higher 72.3% Participation Rate

46M with no college education

97M with college education

Roughly 6.5M of the 11M open jobs in America

need to be filled by people without a college degree

37% of people out of the labor force are those with a high school diploma.

Only 12% have a bachelors.

Unemployment rates for most college degreed jobs are low but not close to record low levels.

4.4M

open jobs require a college degree

6.5M

open jobs don't require a college degree 2.7M

unemployed with college education

2.0M

unemployed with no college education

10.9M total open jobs

4.7M total unemployed

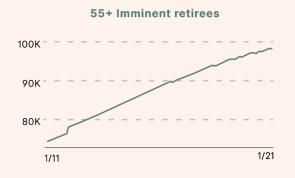
3x

In 2015, we had three times as many unemployed lower skilled job workers per job opening than we have now.



Younger working populations are drying up.

Many sub \$20/hr jobs are filled by people in their early 20s. By 2034, older adults will outnumber children for the first time in U.S. history







Civilian noninstitutional population

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

16-19 year olds are a key "first job" demographic

16-19-year-old population

Boomer children helped explode this group, but that will continue to erode going forward.



16-19-year-old labor force

Despite a somewhat stable population, the number in the labor force fell for decades and has plateaued lower for a decade.



This is not about the unemployed, it is about the disengaged

Are they going to college? "Total undergraduate enrollment dropped 3.1 percent from the fall of 2020 to the fall of 2021, bringing the total decline since the fall of 2019 to **6.6 percent** — or 1,205,600 students." — New York Times

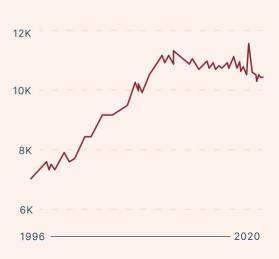
16-19-year-old Unemployment rate

Lowest unemployment rate since the Korean War.



16-19-year-old Not in the labor force

11M 16–19-year-olds who are out of the labor force.



Source: BLS





Immigration sank to record lows in 2021

Net International Migration

July 1, 2010- June 30,2021



Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Vintage 2021 Population Estimates.

Immigrant visas issued / New arrivals of legal permanent residents from abroad

Immigrants are an increasing share of the civilian labor force.

Immigrants in the Civilian Labor Force 1980-2019



Foreign born as a share of the civilian labor force Foreign born as a share of the total population

Source: Migration Policy Institute (MPI) Data Hub

Immigration is an opportunity to recover our labor crisis for lower skilled jobs

	(***	,
% Change Lower-Skill Job Openings	2,874	69%
% Change Higher-Skill Job Openings	1,597	46%

Job openings have soared in lower-skilled industries.

Occupational Group	Foreign Born	Native Born
Service Occupations	20.6%	14.4%
Nat. Rsc, Construction, Maint.	13.6%	8.1%
Production	15.2%	11.7%

% of their total workforce

Since Feb 20 (ks) % Change

Did you know...?





1 out of every 4 construction, farming and maintenance workers is foreign born



1 out of every 5 manufacturing workers is foreign born

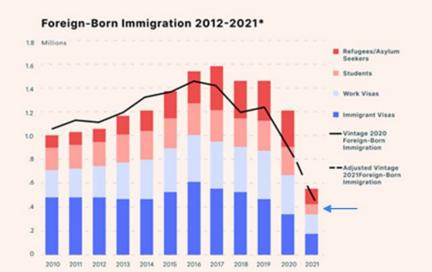
For immigration, a few more things to consider.

~ 4 million people are on the **waiting list** to be processed for entry.

Immigration centers have not re-staffed consulates making **backlogs** even worse.

Undocumented workers from Mexico have **plunged** 1.9M from 2010-2019 while the rest of the world increased by 500K. Mexico's unemployment rate is lower than the US at 3.5%.

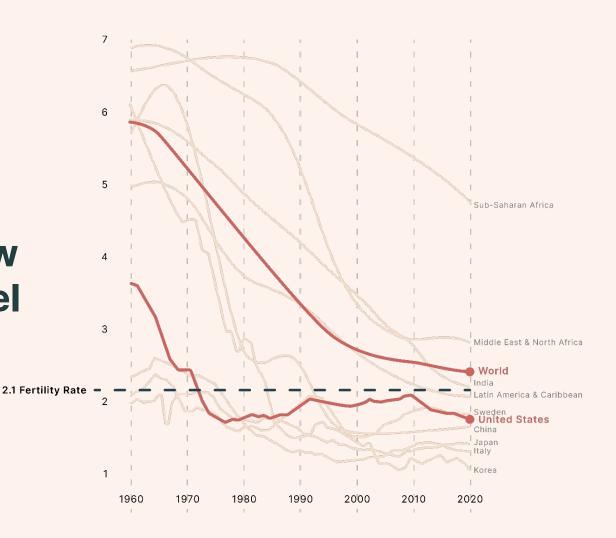
Birth and unemployment rates are **falling** in countries we always relied upon.





Immigration will become less reliable

Most developed nations are below replacement level



Will we see domestic people returning to work?









The CARES act added up to 4 trillion dollars to the U.S. economy

Includes CARES checks, tax deferrals, loan forgiveness, payroll protection act.



2020 2021

How people are paying expenses outside of working?

Used in the last 7 days to meet spending needs % of total

Regular income sources like those received before the pandemic	
Credit cards or loans	23.9%
Money from savings or selling assets (also IRAs)	22.4%
Borrowing from friends or family	13.1%
Stimulus (economic impact) payment*	
Child Tax Credit payment	4.7%
Unemployment insurance (UI) benefit payments	2.0%

Credit cards represent over 24M people

* Represents over 8M people. You can be counted in more than one category











- Customer loans: Credit Cards and Other Revolving Plans, All Commercial Banks

But both are heading back to normal levels

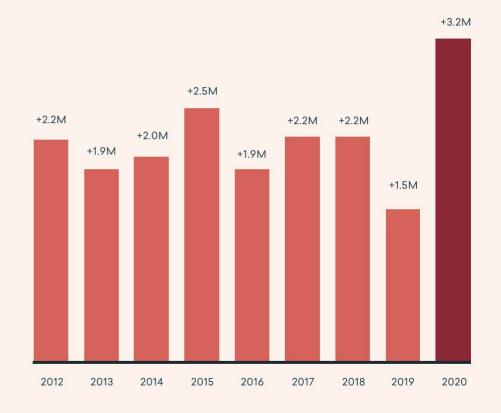




42% of all people out of the labor force in Jan. '22 said they were retired

"The number of retirees jumped by 1.5 million from a month (Dec-Jan) earlier — including a quarter who hold a graduate degree."

- **Bloomberg** 2/6/2022



Source: Pew Research Center analysis of July, August and September, Current Population Survey monthly files (IPUMS)

More on retirements - Many who left will not come back

Study by the St. Louis Fed: large majority of excess retirements from the 65–74-year-old group.

Excess retirees tended to have college degrees. More \$\$

% retired as reason

Some high school	18%
High school graduate	19%
Associate's degree	38%
Bachelor's degree	43%
Graduate degree	49%

Source: Jan. '22 census pulse survey

LFPR 55+

Labor force participation (55+) not recovering



25M Americans lost their jobs during the pandemic

There is hope that several million people may be ready to re-engage

In May 2021 the US Chamber surveyed

9.3M

Americans who lost their jobs due to the pandemic **3M** Are actively looking for a job (32%)

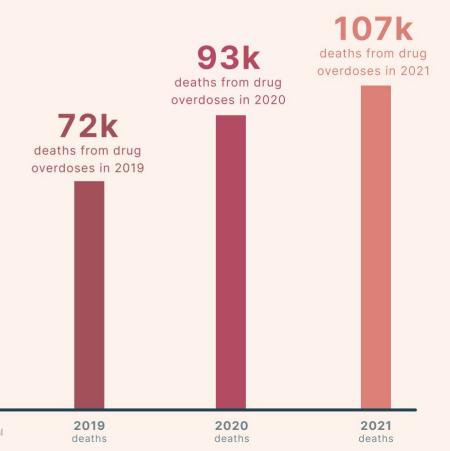
3.5M Are **not** actively looking for a job (38%)

1.6M Remain on the sidelines this year

1.2M Never expect to return to work (13%)

For 2021, the rate of overdose deaths keeps revising higher

An estimated 800K prime age men are out of the labor force due to opioids.



Workers are choosing to work for themselves

New business applications from firms likely to hire employees surged as well, from 987,500 in 2019 to 1.4 million in 2021.















Most retirees probably will not come back, if they do, maybe part time

For lower skilled jobs: Declining 16-24 year old population

Very low immigration







Q: Will this ever get better?

We have 2 big concepts we have to understand.

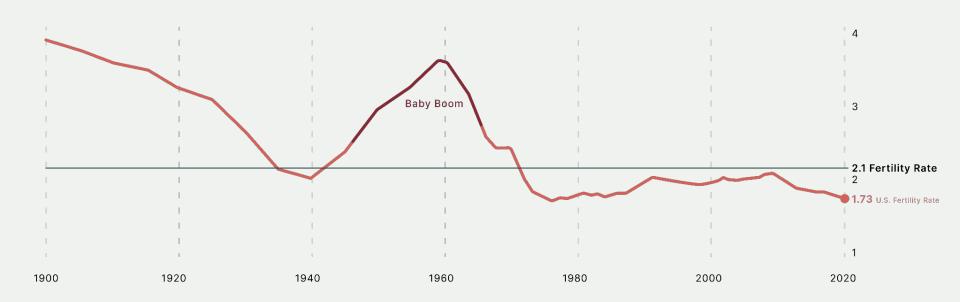
An increasing **population** can come from 3 areas

- 1. Rising births (organic growth)
- 2. Inter-country migration
- 3. Immigration

An increasing workforce comes from an increasing population but can also come from increasing labor force participation. Therefore, we must know why people aren't working and see if that can be addressed. (see previous section)

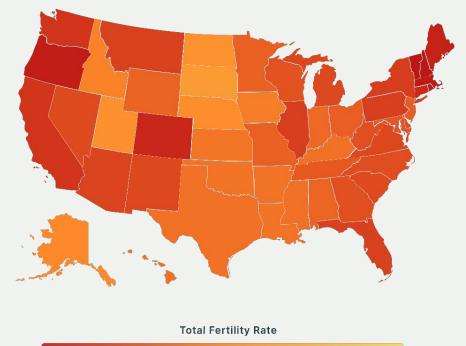
We're living below the 2.1 birth replacement rate

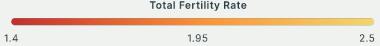
We can't employ what we don't have

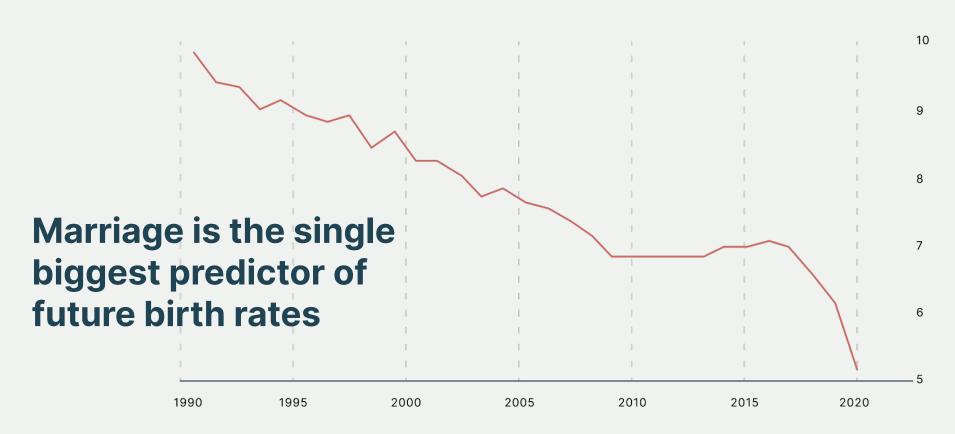


In 2020, the US had its lowest birthrate in history

2021 currently coming in lower than 2020



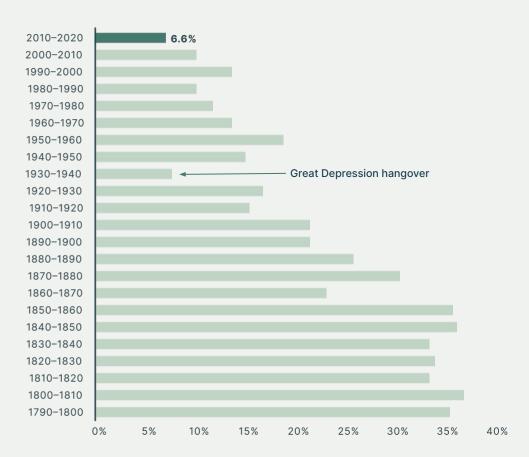




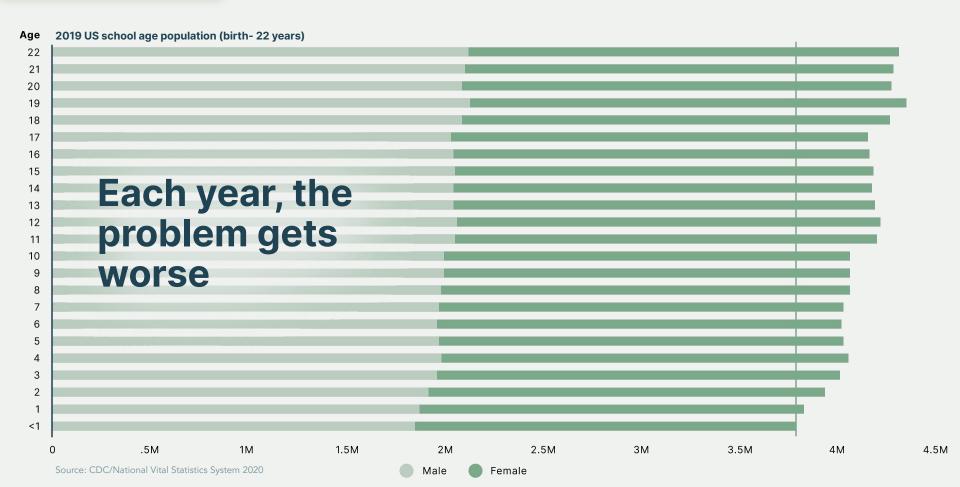
Source: Statista 2022

US population growth by decade

1790 to 2020 (estimated) censuses

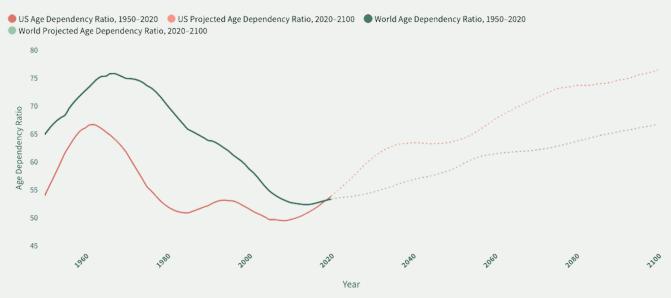


The Future Labor Crisis



Age Dependency Ratio, 1950-2100

(% of Total Population that is under 16 and over 64)



"By 2034, older adults will outnumber children for the first time in U.S. history."

Demographic Drought: Bridging the gap in our Labor Force



From 2011 to 2021, the vast majority of the US saw their working age population shrink





Change in Over-65 Population, 2011-2021

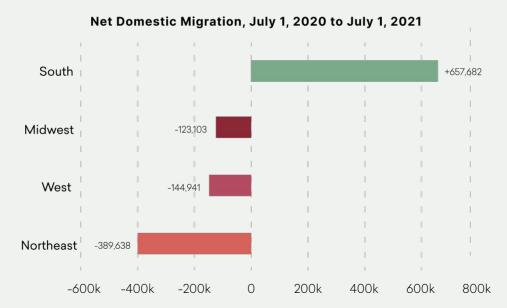
The US over-65 population has grown by 16.1M people in the last decade.

Change in Under-25 Population, 2011-2021

The US under-25 population has declined by 2M people in the last decade.

Any recent growth is due to population shifts, not organic growth





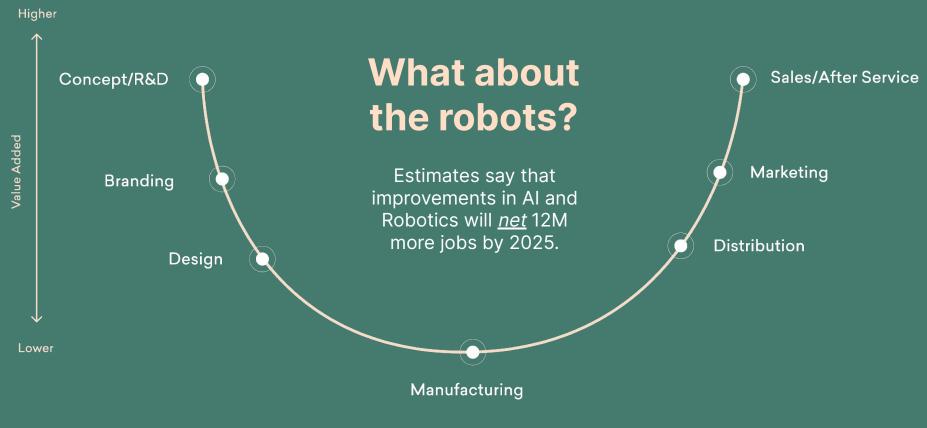




Solutions for dealing with a declining labor force

Moving Forward

Time



Production Chain

Source: the Smiling Curce:

Interactive voice response software was first implemented in the 1970s, yet...

According to Emsi Burning Glass data, we have **100,000** customer service job openings in the U.S. right now

Me yelling "REPRESENTATIVE!!!" to the automated customer service



It's not about the employed vs. unemployed, it's about the *disengaged*

...

. . .

###

 The only way to get our labor force back to healthy levels is to actively seek out the unengaged



What can we do now?

Engage people on the sidelines.

Be transparent about the job and benefits

Include job responsibilities, tools, resources, and technology in the job description

Utilize career paths via skills

Emphasize culture

Understand pay rates and trends

job freedom mentality

Embrace the gig economy mentality [flexible hours, hybrid work, contracts]

Remote work positions account for 10% of postings

Motivate younger and older populations to enter the workforce













What can we do now?

Engage people on the sidelines.

Be active in recruiting

Tap into unique pools of talent: part-time workers, working in other geographies, former inmates, health impairments

Get creative

Align educational programs to the demands of the market

Educational centers that align their programs to the needs of the regional market will benefit everyone











As immigration plunged the percent of people who thought there was too much of it soared

58% of Americans are dissatisfied with the level of immigration into the U.S.



What can you do?



Workforce planning and recruitment need Executive involvement



Shorten your hiring process as much as possible



Onboard and train quickly



Provide or assist in childcare costs*

* Nationally, over 5M people are out of the labor force due to caring for a child

Examples of hidden workers

Learnings from "Hidden Workers: **Untapped Talent**"*

Focus on specific groups of untapped talent pools vs all

Why? It is cheaper to make some adjustments than a bunch



Chronic health

People with spotty employment

Veterans

People with a disability

Mental health challenges



Caregivers



Ex-offenders

Long term

unemployed

Substance

abuse history



Post retirees



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